## §510.440

formulation removing chloroform as an ingredient.

(e) The Commissioner will initiate action to withdraw approval of a new animal drug application or terminate an INAD notice in accordance with the applicable provisions of section 512 of the act and parts 511 and 514 of this chapter upon failure of a holder of an approved new animal drug application or sponsor of an INAD notice to comply with the provisions of paragraph (c) or (d) of this section.

(f) Any drug product intended for animal use containing chloroform as an ingredient that is introduced or delivered for introduction into interstate commerce following the effective date of this regulation will be subject to regulatory action under sections 301, 501, 502, and 512 of the act.

[42 FR 44226, Sept. 2, 1977, as amended at 60 FR 38480, July 27, 1995]

## §510.440 Injectable iron preparations.

There has been an increasing interest in the use of injectable iron compounds for the prevention or treatment of iron-deficiency anemia in animals. Although some such preparations have been shown to be safe, such articles are regarded as new animal drugs within the meaning of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act. Accordingly, an approved new animal drug application is required prior to the marketing of such preparations within the jurisdiction of the act. In addition to the need for demonstrating the safety of such articles, the labeling of such preparations should not only recommend appropriate dosages of iron but also declare the amount (in milligrams) of available iron (Fe) per milliliter of the subject product.

## §510.455 New animal drug requirements regarding free-choice administration in feeds.

(a) For the purpose of this section, free-choice administration of animal drugs in feeds involves feeds that are placed in feeding or grazing areas and are not intended to be consumed fully at a single feeding or to constitute the entire diet of the animal. Such methods of administering drugs include, but are not limited to, medicated blocks (agglomerated feed compressed or ren-

dered into a solid mass and cohesive enough to hold its form), mineral mixes, and liquid feed tank supplements ("lick tank" supplements) containing one or more animal drugs. The manufacture of medicated free-choice feeds is subject to the current good manufacturing practice regulations for medicated feeds.

(b) The Food and Drug Administration has concluded that there are questions about the safety and effectiveness of drugs when administered in freechoice feeds. Therefore, such methods of administration cause the drugs so administered to be new animal drugs, for which approved new animal drug applications (NADA's) are required. (See §510.3(i)). In addition, the exemption from the requirement of an approved medicated feed application provided in §558.4 of this chapter does not apply to any free-choice medicated feed.

(c) An NADA or supplemental NADA for products for free-choice feeding submitted for approval under section 512(b) of the act shall provide for:

(1) The manufacture of a finished product for the free-choice administration of a new animal drug. Such an approval will not provide a basis upon which an application can be approved under section 512(m) of the act; or

(2) The manufacture of a Type A medicated article for use in the subsequent manufacture of a free-choice medicated feed. The approved NADA will provide a basis upon which an application can be approved under section 512(m) of the act. Data for a specific free-choice product may, if desired, be generated and submitted to the Food and Drug Administration by the manufacturer of the free-choice feed in the form of a master file which can be referenced in the NADA or supplemental NADA submitted by the new animal drug sponsor.

(d) Approval of the NADA or supplemental NADA submitted under paragraph (c) of this section will be reflected in a regulation in part 558 of this chapter published under section 512(i) of the act. The regulation will either state the formulation of the approved free-choice product or specify the specific free-choice administration products in which the drug is approved